ORIGINAL ARTICLE



Bifilm defects and porosity in Al cast alloys

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Abstract Liquid Al and Mg-base alloys are so reactive that it is reasonable to assume that the surface layer is always oxi-dized. If liquid aluminium entered a mould cavity with a ve-locity greater than a critical value, the surface skin of the liquid metal would fold over onto itself and be submerged into the bulk liquid with a volume of air entrapped within it, creating what is called a bifilm defect. This defect not only acts as a crack but also it is recognized to initiate hydrogen porosity in the solidified casting, which has been found to have detrimen-tal effects on the tensile and fatigue properties of the castings produced. Previous research suggested that during solidifica-tion, the hydrogen, in excess of the solubility limit, comes out of the solution and diffuses into the bifilm gap, expanding it into a pore. Also, placing liquid metal in a vacuum may cause its entrained bifilms to expand, enhancing their buoyancy and therefore their floatation to the surface of the melt. In this work, a casting from an A356 Al alloy was allowed to solidify under vacuum. The solidified casting was sectioned into two halves, and the internal surfaces of the pores were investigated

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using an SEM to determine their relationship with double oxide film defects.

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