ENERGY CONSUMPTION IN AASTMT

The energy consumption in AAST is mainly electrical there is no heating, cooling or steam consumption. The HVAC system is the main source of cooling and heating for spaces and it is operated by electrical energy.

The electrical energy source is from the national grid mix in addition to some local renewable energy source with capacity of 200kw. The national grid is mix between conventional and renewable resource. The share of renewable energy in the national grid is about 25% and it will be enhanced to be 42% by 2035.

Based on the analyses of monthly electric bills and the injected power from the PV plant, the consumption of electrical energy and the environmental impact is calculated.

Table 1: Energy consumption among grid mix and local PV generation (2021)

| Total consumption | local PV | Total energy consumption | Total clean energy | % Green |
|-------------------|----------|--------------------------|--------------------|---------|
| from grid (GJ) | (GJ) | (GJ) | (GJ) | energy |
| 36534.96 | 267.264 | 36802.22 | 9401.004 | 25.54% |

Average Electricity Consumption in (Name of campus) Campus 2018-2021

The energy consumption in kwh for each campus in Alexandria is analyses as shown in Table and the consumption distribution during 2018 to 2021 is illustrated in Figure 1: Consumption analysis/ campus/year. The average energy in the period 2018-2021 is calculated. Because of Covid 19 the consumption in 2019 and 2020 are not consider as regular consumption, so to show the effect of energy policy, the percentage reduction in consumption is calculated between 2018 (before Covid19) and 2021 (after Covid19).

| Table 2: Average Energy Consumption (GJ)/camp | us |
|---|----|
|---|----|

| | Abo kir | Miami | Ganikliz | Wabor |
|-------------|----------|----------|----------|------------|
| | (GJ) | (GJ) | (GJ) | Elmia (GJ) |
| 2018 | 37208.6 | 7287.898 | 0 | 0 |
| 2019 | 31738.97 | 6656.45 | 0 | 0 |
| 2020 | 26084.13 | 3894.829 | 228.6576 | 987.876 |
| 2021 | 30247.69 | 4877.035 | 176.9076 | 1221.696 |
| Average | 31319.85 | 5679.053 | 202.7826 | 1104.786 |
| % reduction | | | | |
| 2018:2021 | -18.7078 | -33.0804 | -22.6321 | 23.66896 |



Figure 1: Consumption analysis/ campus/year

It is clear from the analysis of Table that the reduction in Energy in normal condition between 2018 and 2021 is about 18.708 %. An energy management policy is implemented which will lead to energy reduction due to:

- 1- Apply energy conservation procedure
- 2- Use energy efficient components in lighting, pumping, and HVAC
- 3- Make energy monitoring and analysis of load consumption using online monitoring system
- 4- Implement local renewable energy resources and projects.
- 5- Switch all light bulbs to LED lamps (more than 250kw reduction around 75% of lighting)
- 6- Install solar energy to more buildings (200kw PV system)
- 7- Change the HVAC to more environmentally friendly one (Building G and B faculty of engineering and faculty of pharmacy)
- 8- Spread methodology of reducing energy consumption through all campuses and amongst staff and students.
- 9- Initiative for energy conservation for student and staff.
- 10- Organize workshops, seminars and tanning for the awareness of energy efficient and environmental effect
- 11- Retrofitting of buildings

REDUCTION OF ENERGY CONSUMPTION

Based on the energy management and efficient policy, Table summaries the reduction of energy consumption during 2018-2021. Moreover, the effect of energy management and policy on the consumption and environmental analysis and estimations for the three coming years are summarized in Table . The expected plan of energy reduction till 2023 is 15% reduction due to the energy management policy.

| | Abo kir | Miami | Ganikliz | Wabor |
|-------------|----------|----------|----------|------------|
| | (GJ) | (GJ) | (GJ) | Elmia (GJ) |
| 2018 | 37208.6 | 7287.898 | 228.6576 | 987.876 |
| 2021 | 30247.69 | 4877.035 | 176.9076 | 1221.696 |
| Average | | | | |
| Consumption | 31319.85 | 5679.053 | 202.7826 | 1104.786 |
| % reduction | | | | |
| 2018:2021 | -18.7078 | -33.0804 | -22.6321 | 23.66896 |

Table 3: % consumption reduction between 2018 and 2021

Table 4: Energy Consumption environmental analysis

| Action | KWH/year (Energy) | Yearly Reduction of Co2 (Kg) | Yearly Reduction of SOx (Kg) | Yearly Reduction of NOx (Kg) |
|--|----------------------|---------------------------------|---------------------------------|------------------------------------|
| Installation of Solar Units (200kw) | 222720 | 355590 | 154.122 | 1.91 |
| Transition to LED light lamps of 250kw | 600000 | 4444875 | 1926.525 | 23.875 |
| Energy Efficient procedure (reduction around 5%) | 511142 | 908784918.4 | 393891.13 | 4881.4 |
| Average energy Consumption from 2018 to 2021 | 1064069 | | | |
| Estimated Reductions per year during 2021- 2023 | 15% | 2726354755 | 1181673.39 | 14644.2 |